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IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COVENANT
ON ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND CULTURAL RIGHTS

Note by the Secretary-General

The Secretary-General has the honour to transmit herewith the thirteenth report of the International Labour Organisation ^{*}/ under article 18 of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, submitted in accordance with Economic and Social Council resolution 1988 (LX).

^{*}/ The report is being issued as received only in the languages supplied by the International Labour Organisation.

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PART I

Introduction

The present report has been established according to the arrangements approved by the Governing Body of the International Labour Office 1/ to give effect to resolution 1988 (LX) of 11 May 1976 of the United Nations Economic and Social Council requesting specialised agencies to submit reports in accordance with Article 18 of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, on the progress made in achieving the observance of the provisions of the Covenant falling within the scope of their activities. According to these arrangements, the International Labour Office is entrusted with the task of communicating to the United Nations, for presentation to the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, information on the results of the operation of various ILO supervisory procedures in the fields covered by the Covenant. It should remain open for the Committee of Experts on the Application of Conventions and Recommendations to report on particular situations whenever it deems this desirable or when specifically requested to do so by the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights.

The report will follow the approach adopted since 1985, and will contain in Part II: (a) indications concerning the principal ILO Conventions relevant to Articles 6-10 of the Covenant; and (b) indications concerning ratifications of these Conventions and comments made by ILO supervisory bodies with regard to the application of these Conventions by the States concerned (in so far as the points at issue appear to have a bearing also on the provisions of the Covenant). The latter indications are based mainly on the comments of the Committee of Experts resulting from its examination of the reports on the Conventions in question. Account was also taken of the conclusions and recommendations adopted under constitutional procedures for the examination of representations or complaints and, in the case of Article 8 of the Covenant, of the conclusions and recommendations of the Committee on Freedom of Association of the Governing Body of the International Labour Office following examination of complaints alleging violation of trade union rights. 2/

The list of countries for which information has been provided in the present report appears in the table of contents. A recapitulatory list of States Parties to the Covenant and of ILO reports containing information concerning them will be found in the Annex.

General considerations

In previous reports, the Committee of Experts has commented on several occasions on the relationship between the provisions of the Covenant and the standards laid down in international labour Conventions, the nature of the obligations resulting from them and the way in which the Committee of Experts consequently presented its comments on the implementation of the Covenant. Upon the completion of the first cycle of the reporting programme on the Covenant, the Committee of Experts recalled these general observations in the ILO's sixth report (E/1983/40), which it hoped would be useful to States Parties and would be of interest for the examination of the application of the Covenant. The main points of these observations were also recalled in the ILO's tenth report (E/1988/6). Consequently, reference is made to the reports in question.

At its 77th Session the International Labour Conference adopted the Chemicals Convention, 1990 (No. 170) and the Night Work Convention, 1990 (No. 171) as well as the Protocol of 1990 to the Night Work (Women) Convention (Revised), 1948.

Convention No. 170 supplemented by Recommendation No. 177 aims at preventing and reducing the risks of chemically induced illnesses and injuries at work by the evaluation of all chemicals to determine their hazards, by providing information to employers and workers with a view to establishing and applying protective programmes.

Convention No. 171 supplemented by Recommendation No. 178 prescribe measures to protect the health of night workers as well as for maternity protection in particular; to assist night workers to meet their family and social responsibilities, to provide them with opportunities for occupational advancement, and to compensate them appropriately. The Protocol to Convention No. 89, which Convention prohibits night work for women in industrial undertakings, provides for variations in the duration of the night period and exemptions from the prohibitions of night work that may be made by the competent authority, in the circumstances and subject to the conditions provided for in national laws and regulations, adopted after consultations with the most representative organisations of employers and workers.

These instruments, in relation to Article 7 of the Covenant, establish new standards in the area of safety and hygiene at work as well as in that of maternity protection which is dealt with in Article 10 of the Covenant.

PART II

A. Principal ILO Conventions relevant to Articles 6-10 of the Covenant

The following is a list of the principal ILO Conventions relevant to each of Articles 6-10 of the Covenant. 3/ Indications on the ratification of these Conventions by each State concerned are given in section B of this part (indications concerning the situation of individual countries).

Article 6 of the Covenant

Unemployment Convention, 1919 (No. 2)
Forced Labour Convention, 1930 (No. 29)
Fee-Charging Employment Agencies Convention, 1933 (No. 34)
Employment Service Convention, 1948 (No. 88)
Fee-Charging Employment Agencies Convention (Revised), 1949 (No. 96)
Abolition of Forced Labour Convention, 1957 (No. 105)
Discrimination (Employment and Occupation) Convention, 1958 (No. 111)
Social Policy (Basic Aims and Standards) Convention, 1962 (No. 117)
Employment Policy Convention, 1964 (No. 122)
Paid Educational Leave Convention, 1974 (No. 140)
Human Resources Development Convention, 1975 (No. 142)
Workers with Family Responsibilities Convention, 1981 (No. 156)
Termination of Employment Convention, 1982 (No. 158)
Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment (Disabled Persons) Convention, 1983 (No. 159)
Employment Promotion and Protection Against Unemployment Convention, 1988 (No. 168), Part II

Article 7 of the Covenant

Remuneration

Minimum Wage-Fixing Machinery Convention, 1928 (No. 26)
Minimum Wage-Fixing Machinery (Agriculture) Convention, 1951 (No. 99)
Minimum Wage-Fixing Convention, 1970 (No. 131)

Equal remuneration

Equal Remuneration Convention, 1951 (No. 100)

Rest, limitation of working hours and holidays with pay

Hours of Work (Industry) Convention, 1919 (No. 1)
Weekly Rest (Industry) Convention, 1921 (No. 14)
Hours of Work (Commerce and Offices) Convention, 1930 (No. 30)
Forty-Hour Week Convention, 1935 (No. 47)
Holidays with Pay Convention, 1936 (No. 52)
Holidays with Pay (Agriculture) Convention, 1952 (No. 101)
Weekly Rest (Commerce and Offices) Convention, 1957 (No. 106)
Holidays with Pay Convention (Revised), 1970 (No. 132)

Safe and healthy working conditions

White Lead (Painting) Convention, 1921 (No. 13)
Marking of Weight (Packages Transported by Vessels) Convention, 1929 (No. 27)
Protection Against Accidents (Dockers) Convention, 1929 (No. 28)
Protection Against Accidents (Dockers) Convention (Revised), 1932 (No. 32)
Safety Provisions (Building) Convention, 1937 (No. 62)
Labour Inspection Convention, 1947 (No. 81)
Radiation Protection Convention, 1960 (No. 115)
Guarding of Machinery Convention, 1963 (No. 119)
Hygiene (Commerce and Offices) Convention, 1964 (No. 120)
Maximum Weight Convention, 1967 (No. 127)
Labour Inspection (Agriculture) Convention, 1969 (No. 129)
Benzene Convention, 1971 (No. 136)
Occupational Cancer Convention, 1974 (No. 139)
Working Environment (Air Pollution, Noise and Vibration) Convention, 1977
(No. 148)
Occupational Safety and Health (Dock Work) Convention, 1979 (No. 152)
Occupational Safety and Health Convention, 1981 (No. 155)
Occupational Health Services Convention, 1985 (No. 161)
Asbestos Convention, 1986 (No. 162)
Safety and Health in Construction Convention, 1988 (No. 167)
Chemicals Convention, 1990 (No. 170)
Night Work Convention, 1990 (No. 171)

Article 8 of the Covenant

Right of Association (Agriculture) Convention, 1921 (No. 11)
Freedom of Association and Protection of the Right to Organise Convention,
1948 (No. 87)
Right to Organise and Collective Bargaining Convention, 1949 (No. 98)
Workers' Representatives Convention, 1971 (No. 135)
Rural Workers' Organisations Convention, 1975 (No. 141)
Labour Relations (Public Service) Convention, 1978 (No. 151)
Collective Bargaining Convention, 1981 (No. 154)

Article 9 of the Covenant

Workmen's Compensation (Agriculture) Convention, 1921 (No. 12)
Workmen's Compensation (Accidents) Convention, 1925 (No. 17)
Workmen's Compensation (Occupational Diseases) Convention, 1925 (No. 18)
Equality of Treatment (Accident Compensation) Convention, 1925 (No. 19)
Sickness Insurance (Industry) Convention, 1927 (No. 24)
Sickness Insurance (Agriculture) Convention, 1927 (No. 25)
Old-Age Insurance (Industry, etc.) Convention, 1933 (No. 35)
Old-Age Insurance (Agriculture) Convention, 1933 (No. 36)
Invalidity Insurance (Industry, etc.) Convention, 1933 (No. 37)
Invalidity Insurance (Agriculture) Convention, 1933 (No. 38)
Survivors' Insurance (Industry, etc.) Convention, 1933 (No. 39)
Survivors' Insurance (Agriculture) Convention, 1933 (No. 40)
Workmen's Compensation (Occupational Diseases) Convention (Revised), 1934
(No. 42)
Unemployment Provisions Convention, 1934 (No. 44)
Maintenance of Migrants' Pension Rights Convention, 1935 (No. 48)
Social Security (Minimum Standards) Convention, 1952 (No. 102)

Equality of Treatment (Social Security) Convention, 1962 (No. 118)
Employment Injury Benefits Convention, 1964 (No. 121)
Invalidity, Old-Age and Survivors' Benefits Convention, 1967 (No. 128)
Medical Care and Sickness Benefits Convention, 1969 (No. 130)
Maintenance of Social Security Rights Convention, 1982 (No. 157)
Employment Promotion and Protection Against Unemployment, 1988 (No. 168)

Article 10 of the Covenant

(a) Maternity protection (re paragraph 2)

Maternity Protection Convention, 1919 (No. 3)
Maternity Protection Convention (Revised), 1952 (No. 103)

(b) Protection of children and young persons in relation to employment and work (re paragraph 3)

Minimum Age (Industry) Convention, 1919 (No. 5)
Minimum Age (Sea) Convention, 1920 (No. 7)
Minimum Age (Agriculture) Convention, 1921 (No. 10)
Minimum Age (Trimmers and Stokers) Convention, 1921 (No. 15)
Minimum Age (Non-Industrial Employment) Convention, 1932 (No. 33)
Minimum Age (Sea) Convention (Revised), 1936 (No. 58)
Minimum Age (Industry) Convention (Revised), 1937 (No. 59)
Minimum Age (Non-Industrial Employment) Convention (Revised), 1937 (No. 60)
Minimum Age (Fishermen) Convention, 1959 (No. 112)
Social Policy (Basic Aims and Standards) Convention, 1952 (No. 117)
Minimum Age (Underground Work) Convention, 1965 (No. 123)
Minimum Age Convention, 1973 (No. 138)
Night Work of Young Persons (Industry) Convention, 1919 (No. 6)
Night Work (Bakeries) Convention, 1925 (No. 20)
Night Work of Young Persons (Non-Industrial Occupations) Convention, 1946 (No. 79)
Night Work of Young Persons (Industry) Convention (Revised), 1948 (No. 90)
White Lead (Painting) Convention, 1921 (No. 13) (Article 3)
Radiation Protection Convention, 1960 (No. 115) (Article 7)
Maximum Weight Convention, 1967 (No. 127) (Article 7)
Benzene Convention, 1971 (No. 136) (Article 11)
Medical Examination of Young Persons (Sea) Convention, 1921 (No. 16)
Medical Examination (Seafarers) Convention, 1946 (No. 73)
Medical Examination of Young Persons (Industry) Convention, 1946 (No. 77)
Medical Examination of Young Persons (Non-Industrial Occupations) Convention, 1946 (No. 78)
Medical Examination (Fishermen) Convention, 1959 (No. 113)
Medical Examination of Young Persons (Underground Work) Convention, 1965 (No. 124)

B. Indications concerning the situation of individual countries

For each Article of the Covenant under consideration, these indications show the state of the ratifications (excluding ratifications that were subsequently denounced) of the corresponding Conventions by the country in question, and references to the relevant comments of the supervisory bodies with regard to the application of these Conventions.

The absence of any such references signifies either that there are no comments at the present time regarding the application of a particular Convention, or that the comments that have been made deal with points not relating to the provisions of the Covenant or to matters (for example, simple requests for information) which it would not appear to be necessary to deal with at this stage, or again that the government's reply concerning the application of a Convention on which comments had been made has not yet been examined by the Committee of Experts.

When references are made to the "observations" of the Committee of Experts, their texts are published in the report of the Committee for the same year (Report III (Part 4A) of the corresponding session of the International Labour Conference). In addition, comments have been formulated in requests for information addressed directly by the Committee of Experts to the governments in question; such comments are not published but the text is made available to the interested parties.

1. Situation concerning Articles 6-9 of the Covenant

AFGHANISTAN

Information concerning this country has been provided previously in the eighth (E/1986/60) and the twelfth (E/1990/9) reports of the ILO. Additional information is provided below.

Article 6

With regard to the Discrimination (Employment and Occupation) Convention, 1958 (No. 111), the Committee of Experts, in its 1990 observation, noted with satisfaction that article 38 of the New Constitution of 1987 establishes equality of rights among citizens and prohibits all discrimination. The Committee has expressed the hope that at the next revision, article 8 of the Labour Code would, like article 38 of the Constitution, set out formally "political opinion" among the grounds on which discrimination is prohibited.

COSTA RICA

Information concerning this country has been provided previously in the twelfth report of the ILO (E/1990/9). More recent information is provided below.

Article 6

As concerns the Employment Service Convention, 1948 (No. 88), the Committee of Experts in its 1990 observation noted the establishment of three regional employment offices, the special attention given to the employment situation of refugees as well as the establishment of a general employment system, with the support of the ILO. The Committee requested the Government to continue to supply information on the progress achieved by the employment service and the establishment of advisory committees with a view to ensuring the co-operation of representatives of employers and workers in this area.

Article 7

In its 1990 comments concerning the Equal Remuneration Convention, 1951 (No. 100), the Committee of Experts requested information on the measures taken for the practical application of the equal remuneration principle, particularly in the cases of remuneration above the minimum wage level, and on the results obtained by the application of the national classification of jobs as well as through collective agreements.

As concerns the Hours of Work Convention (Industry), 1919 (No. 1), the Committee of Experts in its 1990 comments recalled the question of limits and conditions that need to be fixed for exceeding the normal working hours, in accordance with the provisions of the Convention.

Article 8

Concerning the Workers' Representatives Convention, 1971 (No. 135), the Committee of Experts, in its 1990 comments, recalled the absence of relevant legislation and the need to adopt measures with a view to ensuring that full effect is given to the Convention.

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

Information concerning this country has been provided previously in the twelfth report of the ILO (E/1990/9).

Questions raised earlier have been repeated by the Committee of Experts in 1990. Additional information is provided below.

Article 6

As concerns the situation of the Haitian sugar-cane cutters, the Committee of Experts, in its 1990 observation under Convention No. 105, to which reference is made also in its observations concerning Conventions Nos. 29 and 111, stressed again the urgent need for the Government to adopt the measures recommended by the Commission of Inquiry of the ILO in 1983.

The Committee of Experts noted, in addition, that a mission of representatives of the Director-General of the ILO, which was due to visit the Dominican Republic and Haiti in August 1989 to give effect to the request for assistance by the Government, was cancelled after the Government expressed its disagreement with the orientation of the mission, which mission was in particular to ascertain the situation on the spot. The Committee of Experts expressed its extreme concern at the absence of any information indicating that real progress has been achieved as regards the implementation of measures to ensure the observance of the Convention.

With regard to the Discrimination (Employment and Occupation) Convention, 1958 (No. 111), the Committee of Experts, in its 1990 observation reiterates the hope that the Labour Code which is currently in revision will incorporate provisions prohibiting all discrimination in conformity with the requirements of the Convention.

Article 7

As concerns the Protection of Wages Convention, 1949 (No. 95), the Committee of Experts took up again the various points of its 1989 observation and found that most of the information requested from the Government was not received. The Committee expressed its deep concern at the absence of information indicating real progress in the implementation of measures to ensure observance of the Convention.

Article 8

As concerns the Right to Organise and Collective Bargaining Convention, 1949 (No. 98), the Committee of Experts in its 1990 observation, took up again the questions raised in 1989 and it noted, in addition, the Government's reply to the comments of the General Confederation of Workers which dealt, among other matters, with the trade union rights of migrant workers and acts of anti-union discrimination. The Government indicated, in particular, that foreign workers who are illegal residents, cannot join a trade union. As regards the allegations of violence against Haitian and Dominico-Haitian workers and on the subject of the death of the two trade unionists, the Government indicated that one died in the attack on a batee for unknown reasons and the second committed suicide in his cell in the National Police Station, also for unknown reasons. The Committee of Experts deplored the violence in industrial relations. It urged once again the Government to adopt all measures with a view to ensuring the protection of workers against acts of anti-union discrimination.

In addition, the Committee on Freedom of Association examined a complaint (Case No. 1504, 270th Report of the Committee) against the Dominican Republic made by the International Confederation of Free Trade Unions (ICFTU).

The Committee observed that the allegations of the complainant organisation and the Government's reply contradict one another: on the one hand, according to the ICFTU, the police and armed forces reacted extremely violently during the general strike of 19 June 1989, firing on peaceful demonstrators, killing three, wounding dozens and arresting over 3,000 people throughout the country; the Government, on the other hand, claims that the deaths were totally unrelated to the general strike but were taken advantage of by its backers, that the arrests during the strike affected persons caught fighting in the streets, causing public disorder and destroying property and that several people were wounded while resisting arrest by the police. The Committee noted that, according to the Government, most of those arrested were released when the strike ended and that others were formally charged with the offences referred to.

The Committee on Freedom of Association deplored that the acts of violence of 19 June 1989, the day of the general strike, resulted in three deaths and a considerable number of wounded.

So that it has sufficient information at its disposal to be able to reach conclusions on the allegations, the Committee requested the Government to inform it of developments and of the outcome in the criminal proceedings initiated in connection with the aforementioned deaths and against those persons who are still under arrest (including the text of the judgement handed down).

PANAMA

Information concerning this country was supplied in the tenth (E/1988/6), the eleventh (E/1989/6) and the twelfth (E/1990/9) reports of the ILO.

For most cases the questions previously raised have been reiterated in the more recent comments by the Committee of Experts. Additional information is provided below.

Article 6

In its 1990 comments on the Employment Policy Convention, 1964 (No. 122), the Committee of Experts noted that the employment situation has deteriorated between 1987 and 1988. The Committee proposed to re-examine the situation in detail at its next meeting while hoping to receive information as to the impact of the implementation of various employment programmes and policies, e.g. the "labour bank" project and consequences following the ILO/UNDP technical assistance.

Article 8

As concerns two complaints against Panama, the Committee on Freedom of Association noted with satisfaction the measures adopted by the present Government which have put an end to extremely serious violations of Conventions Nos. 87 and 98 which had occurred during the previous Government and to which organisations of employers and workers had been subjected (Cases Nos. 1419 and 1476, 272nd Report of the Committee).

YEMEN

This information concerns the former People's Democratic Republic of Yemen and supplements that were provided previously in the twelfth report of the ILO (E/1990/9).

Article 8

As concerns the Right to Organise and Collective Bargaining Convention, 1949 (No. 98), the Committee of Experts, in its 1990 comments, requested the Government to extend to the time of recruitment the protection against acts of anti-union discrimination currently guaranteed during employment.

2. Situation with regard to the provisions of the Covenant respecting maternity protection and the protection of children and young persons (Article 10)

COSTA RICA

Information concerning this country has been provided previously in the twelfth report of the ILO (E/1990/9).

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

Information concerning this country has been provided previously in the twelfth report of the ILO (E/1990/9).

As concerns the Medical Examination of Young Persons (Industry) Convention, 1946 (No. 77), the Committee of Experts in its 1990 comments, took up again the questions that were previously raised.

ECUADOR

Information concerning this country has been provided previously in the twelfth report of the ILO (E/1990/9). Additional information is provided below.

Maternity protection

As concerns the Maternity Protection (Revised) Convention, 1952 (No. 103), the Committee of Experts in its 1990 observation expressed the hope that the amendments to the Labour Code envisaged by the Government will be adopted very shortly with a view to ensuring a minimum of 12 weeks' leave, of which six weeks to be post-natal; the extension of pre-natal leave until the actual date of confinement without reduction of post-natal leave; that breaks for the purpose of nursing be counted and remunerated as working hours; as well as with a view to prescribing for cash and medical benefits during all the leave period.

PANAMA

Information concerning this country has been provided last in the eleventh report of the ILO (E/1989/6).

In addition, in its 1990 comments concerning the Maternity Protection Convention, 1919 (No. 3), the Committee of Experts expressed the hope that, despite the economic and financial difficulties, the Government will do its utmost to examine the means to ensure cash benefits or any other financial assistance to women employees who do not fulfil the conditions prescribed by the insurance with regard to the qualifying period.

YEMEN

This information concerns the former People's Democratic Republic of Yemen and supplements that provided previously in the twelfth report of the ILO (E/1990/9).

In its 1990 comments concerning Convention No. 59, the Committee of Experts noted that Ordinance No. 17 of 1988 concerning health and safety at work explicitly prohibits the employment of young persons under 18 years of age in work which is arduous and harmful to health and social development.

Notes

1/ Decisions of the Governing Body at its 201st Session (November 1976) and at its 236th Session (May 1987).

2/ Information on the procedures and machinery for the implementation of ILO standards, including the operation of its supervisory bodies, can be found in UN Action in the Field of Human Rights (United Nations publication, New York, 1988, Sales No. E.88 XIV.2), Chapter XIV, section D.1.

3/ There are in addition, particularly for Articles 7 and 9, a number of Conventions dealing with corresponding matters in particular occupational sectors (e.g. road transport, seafarers, fishermen, dockworkers, plantation workers, nursing personnel) or with particular categories of workers (e.g. migrant workers, indigenous workers and tribal peoples, workers in non-metropolitan territories). These Conventions are not included in the present list but are taken into account in the indications concerning the situation in individual countries.

ANNEX

Index of countries and of relevant information supplied
by the ILO since 1978

<u>Country</u>	<u>Articles 6-9 (Document reference)</u>	<u>Article 10 (Document reference)</u>
Afghanistan	E/1986/60 E/1989/6 E/1990/9 Present report	
Australia	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1986/60
Austria	E/1988/6	E/1981/41 E/1987/59
Barbados	E/1982/41	E/1982/41
Bulgaria	E/1980/35 E/1985/63	E/1983/40 E/1988/6
Byelorussian SSR	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1987/59
Cameroon		E/1988/6
Canada	E/1982/41 E/1988/6 E/1989/6	
Chile	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1988/6
Colombia	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1990/9
Costa Rica	E/1990/9 Present report	E/1990/9
Cyprus	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1986/60 E/1989/6
Czechoslovakia	E/1979/33 E/1986/60	E/1981/41 E/1987/59
Denmark	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1987/59

<u>Country</u>	<u>Articles 6-9</u> <u>(Document reference)</u>	<u>Article 10</u> <u>(Document reference)</u>
Dominican Republic	E/1990/9 Present report	E/1990/9 Present report
Ecuador	E/1978/27 E/1985/63	E/1990/9 Present report
Finland	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1986/60
France	E/1986/60	E/1989/6
German Democratic Republic	E/1978/27 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1987/59
Germany, Federal Republic of	E/1979/33 E/1986/60	E/1981/41 E/1987/59
Hungary	E/1978/27 E/1985/63	E/1986/60
India	E/1986/60	
Iran, Islamic Republic of	E/1978/27	
Iraq	E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1986/60
Italy	E/1982/41	
Jamaica	E/1980/35 E/1989/6	E/1989/6
Japan	E/1985/63	E/1987/59
Jordan	E/1987/59	E/1987/59
Luxembourg	E/1990/9	E/1990/9
Madagascar	E/1981/41 E/1985/63	E/1986/60
Mexico	E/1985/63	E/1990/9
Mongolia	E/1978/27 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1987/59
Netherlands	E/1989/6	E/1989/6
Netherlands (Antilles)	E/1987/59	

<u>Country</u>	<u>Articles 6-9</u> <u>(Document reference)</u>	<u>Article 10</u> <u>(Document reference)</u>
Nicaragua	E/1986/60	
Norway	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1988/6
Panama	E/1988/6 E/1989/6 E/1990/9 Present report	E/1981/41 E/1988/6 E/1989/6 Present report
Peru	E/1985/63	
Philippines	E/1978/27 E/1985/63	
Poland	E/1979/33 E/1986/60	E/1981/41 E/1987/59 E/1989/6
Romania	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1988/6
Rwanda	E/1985/63 E/1989/6	E/1986/60
Senegal		E/1981/41
Spain	E/1980/35 E/1985/63	E/1982/41 E/1986/60
Sweden	E/1978/27 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1987/59
Syrian Arab Republic	E/1980/35 E/1990/9	E/1981/41 E/1990/9
Tanzania		E/1981/41
Trinidad and Tobago	E/1989/6	E/1989/6
Tunisia	E/1978/27	E/1988/6 E/1989/6
Ukrainian SSR	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1982/41 E/1986/60
USSR	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 E/1987/59
United Kingdom	E/1978/27 E/1985/63	E/1981/41 Present report

<u>Country</u>	<u>Articles 6-9</u> <u>(Document reference)</u>	<u>Article 10</u> <u>(Document reference)</u>
United Kingdom (Non-metropolitan territories)	E/1979/33 E/1985/63	E/1982/41
Venezuela	E/1985/63	E/1986/60
Yemen	E/1990/9 Present report	E/1990/9 Present report
Yugoslavia	E/1983/40 E/1985/63	E/1983/40
Zaire	E/1988/6	E/1988/6
Zambia		E/1986/60
